The background of the slide is a complex network diagram. It consists of numerous circular nodes of varying sizes, colored in dark grey, red, and black. These nodes are interconnected by a dense web of thin lines, with some lines being red and others black. The overall effect is a sense of a large, interconnected system or data network.

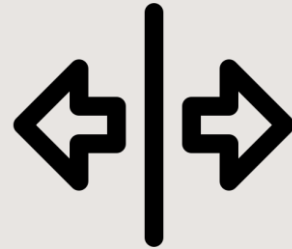
Possibilities and Limitations of Indistinguishability Obfuscation

Shankh Gupta

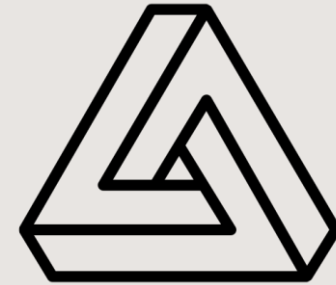
Contents



Preliminaries:
IO and CRHFs



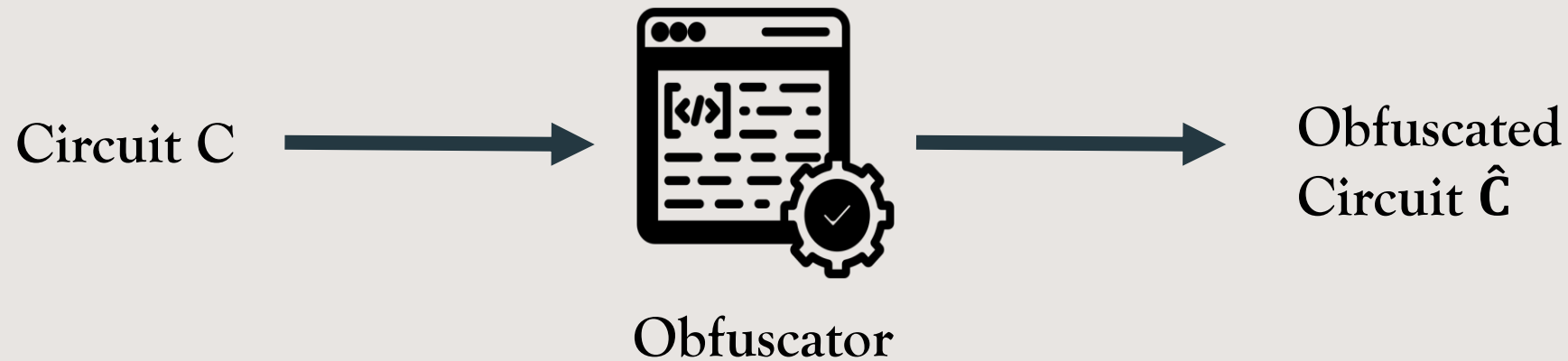
Overview of Black-
Box Separations



Impossibility
Result

Program Obfuscation

Goal : Make programs "hard to understand" while preserving functionality.



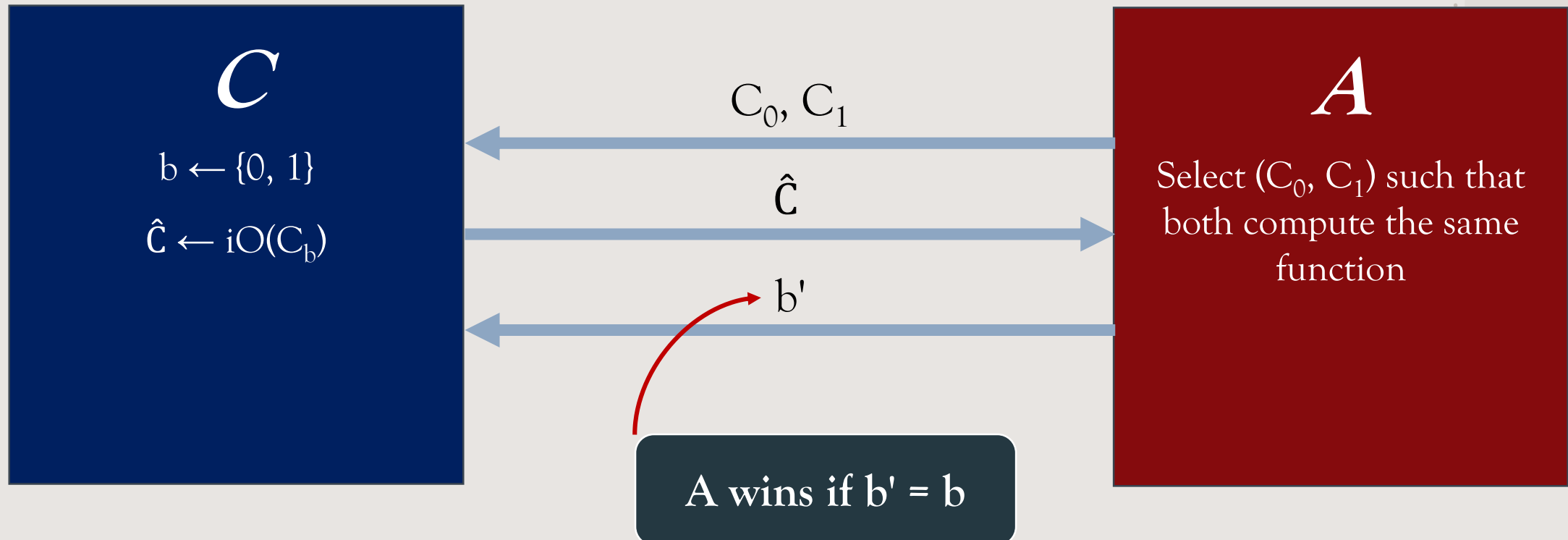
Correctness: Circuits C and \hat{C} compute the same function.

Security: \hat{C} reveals no more information than a black-box implementing circuit C

Impossible to achieve

Indistinguishability Obfuscation

Modified Security: Obfuscation of two functionally-equivalent circuits are indistinguishable.

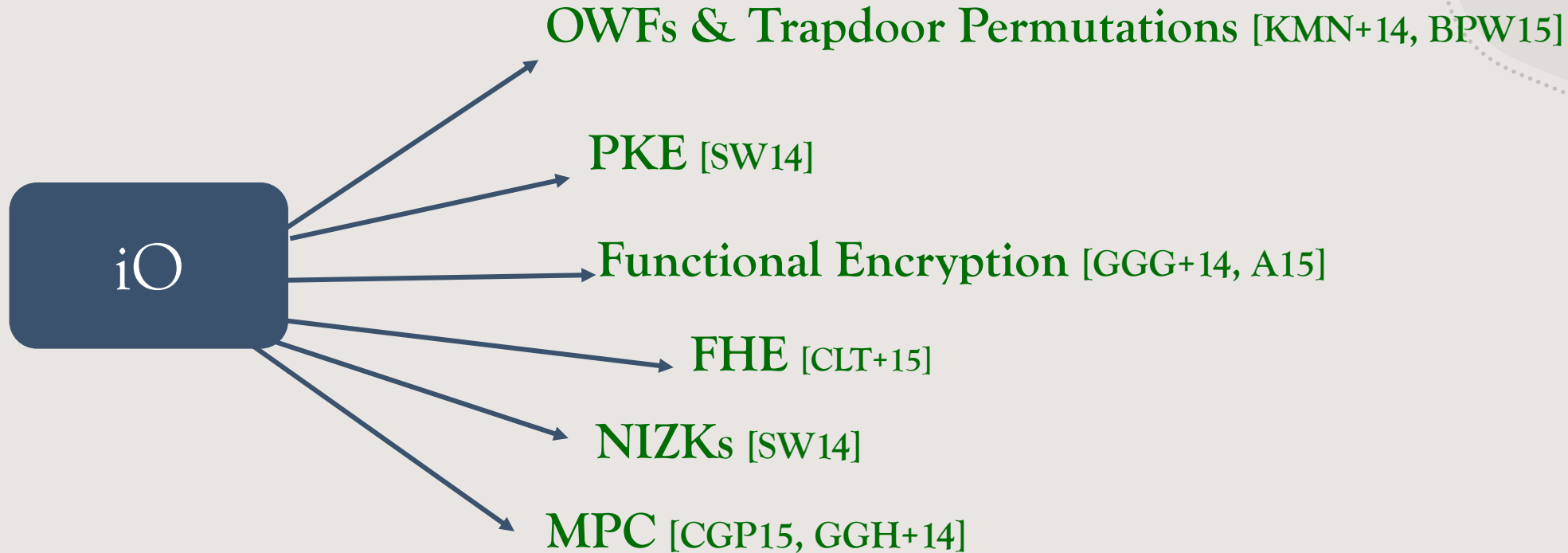


Collision-Resistant Hash Functions

Difficult to find two different inputs that hash to same output.



The Power of iO [SW14]



Is there a natural task that cannot be solved by iO?

CRHFs



Black-Box Constructions

An important question in Cryptography :

Whether existence of a primitive P is sufficient to construct primitive Q ?

- Often prove these reductions in a black-box way.

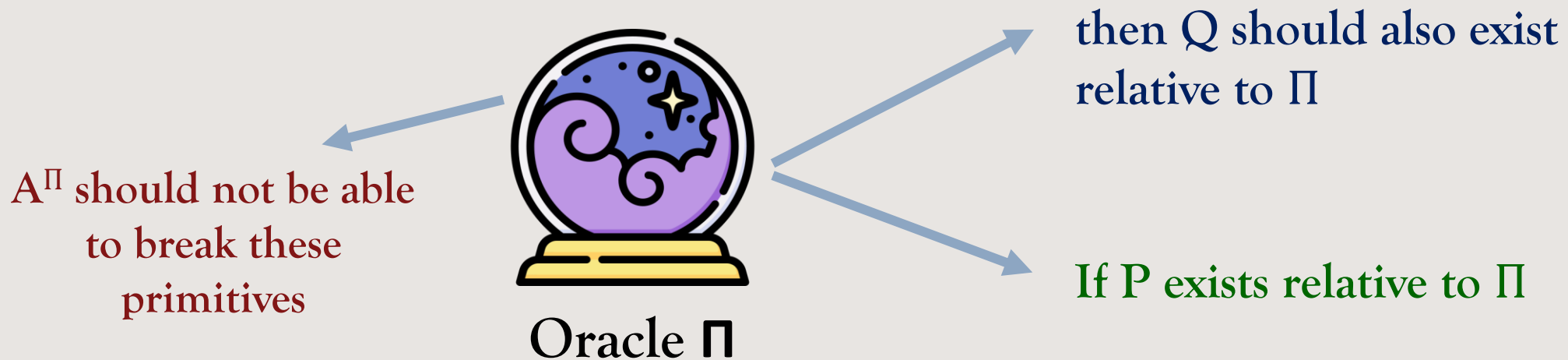
Black-Box Constructions

Construction of Q that uses only **oracle access** to P and guarantees that Q is secure given the security of P .

- Doesn't use the internal structure of P .
- Well-defined even if P is not efficiently computable.
- If A breaks Q , then $S^{A,P}$ can break P .

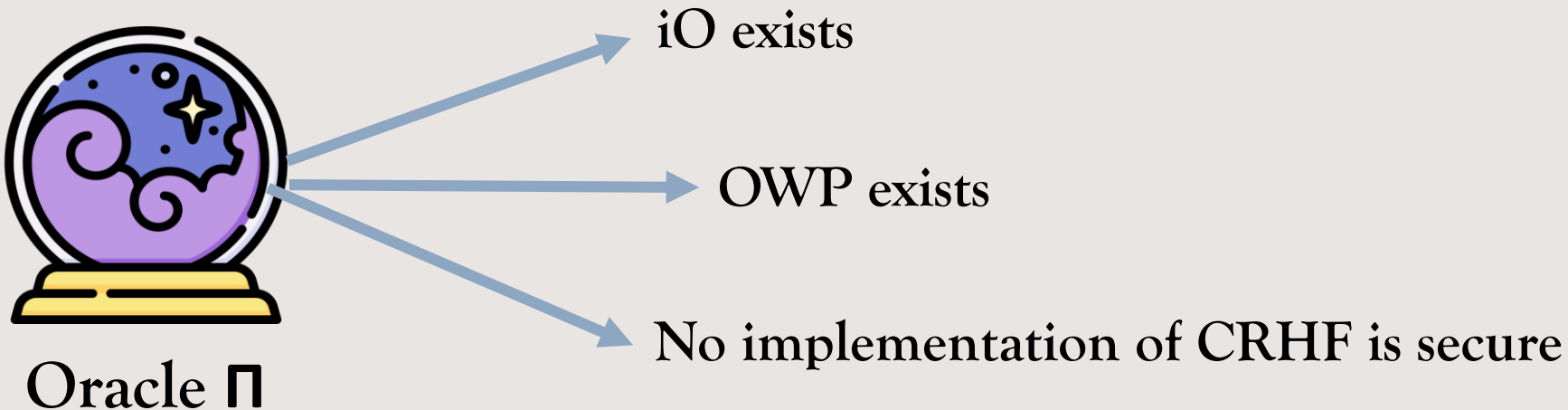
Relativizing Constructions

- First introduced by Impagliazzo and Rudich [IR89].
- BB Constructions \Rightarrow Relativizing Constructions.



Limitations of iO [AS15]

Theorem: There is no fully black-box construction of a CRHF from an iO for oracle-aided circuits and One-way Permutations.



Oracle Construction



Oracle Π

=

OWP

+

Indistinguishability
Obfuscator

+

Collision-Finder
oracle



Outputs a
collision (w, w')
w.r.t. C

Circuit C



Future work

- Study this separation result in the Post-Quantum setting (qROM model).

Challenges: Quantum reductions, Superposition oracle queries

- Understand the possibilities and limitations of the quantum analogue of indistinguishability obfuscation (qsiO).

Thank You!

